

American industrialists and Colonial to visit this country. Seeing is believing, and the visit of industrialists overseas would undoubtedly help the fort to secure for Ireland her place in the world of commerce that she deserves. Not much as might be known of the industrial possibilities of Ireland in foreign countries, and in this connection a very important step was suggested by Mr. Mayan, representing the United States, that an efficient publicity scheme could be put in operation. He believes at our country is on the eve of a great industrial revival, and there is little doubt, we think, that when stability and ordered peace have been established, business will boom, and opportunities will arise under the fostering care of a Native Government that have not existed in the past. His country is bountifully endowed with tried mineral resources, and other sources wealth which await exploration and development. It will be the interest and care of the Free State Government to build up trade and industry in Ireland for the benefit of the people, and to extend to the fullest extent our commercial relations with other lands. But if we desire to dispose of our produce to the best advantage in the world's markets we must, as is suggested, take every opportunity for securing publicity which at every business man knows is the basis of success in commercial life. So it is that a National publicity scheme which could proclaim the extent of our manufactures and their value is an essential and practical step, and we have no doubt that the suggestion made at the Cork Chamber of Commerce will materialise in due course. Then, again, if the American representatives should visit this country it will have a very potent effect in spreading the light, and furthermore, the suggestion that the Irish Consul in Italy should attend the Conference in Rome is another step that will meet with general approval. We believe that we have entered on a new era of Industrial revival, and there can be no doubt if all classes in his country pull together with that object, a bright future for our Nation is assured.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The workers have agreed to agree on a proposed reduction of wages, a strike or lock-out may take place on Monday, which would affect 10,000 workers in Dublin and other ports in the Free State.

Hope was entertained yesterday in well-informed quarters that it was within the region of possibility that some means would be found to adjust the differences between the parties.

The Flour Milling Industry.

Workers in Irish flour mills having failed to come to an agreement with their employers, a stoppage is almost certain to take place on the 13th inst., says the "Irish Times" of yesterday.

To-day it is announced that the employees' representatives are again to meet the employers.

FUNERAL OF MRS ROBERTSON.

The funeral of Mrs Robertson, wife of the Rev Canon Robertson, took place yesterday morning at ten o'clock from St Munchin's Rectory for St Munchin's. The cortège was large and representative, testifying to the sympathy which is expressed with the Canon and his family in the loss of a beloved wife and mother.

The chief mourners were—Canon Robertson, husband; Raymond Robertson, son; Miss K. Robertson, daughter of the deceased.

The clergy present included the Bishop, the Dean, Chancellor Swain, Rev A E Hewetson, Rev W H Dobbin, Rev H de Massy, Rev A W Neill, Presbyterians Church.

Amongst the general public were—Captain J. O'Grady Delmege, Mr and Mrs A Goodwin, A. Barnett, Cooper O'Donoghue, W Holliday, J G Wilkinson, J A Doyle, M Egan, A J Eakins, E G Pitt, E Here, Dr Long and the Misses Long, Joseph Stewart, Miss Stewart, Mr, Mrs, and Miss Johnston, J A McKenzie, A W McKenzie, C Hutchinson, the Misses Cox, Miss Morrow, the Misses Galbraith, Mrs Taaffe, the Misses Mills, L Cox, E Pearson, J Ross, R Wilson, G R Leying, H M Stewart, W Trousdale, etc.

The Bishop and the Dean were the officiating clergy, and in the church the hymns sung were "We've no abiding city here," "St Munchin's Memorial Hymn," and xc Psalm. Mr F Muspratt presided at the organ.

DEATH OF RIGHT REV. MONSIGNOR COFFEY.

We regret to record the death, which took place yesterday morning in St John's Hospital, of the Right Rev. Monsignor Coffey, who had been in failing health for some time past. A native of Birrhill, this distinguished clergyman went to Dunedin, New Zealand, some thirty two years ago, and in his time was instrumental in building several churches out there. He was a Domestic Prelate to his Holiness the Pope. Monsignor Coffey had been on a visit to this country when his health became impaired.

The remains were removed at 4 p.m. to day from St John's Hospital to St Michael's Catholic Church, whence the funeral will start to-morrow at the sonction of Office and High Mass, which commences at 11 a.m.

AN ARREST AND AN ESCAPE.

Troops operating in Ballysimon last night observed a man crossing the fields, and called upon him to halt. He ignored the challenge, and was pursued citywards. It was noticed in the course of the chase that he was carrying a gun, which he succeeded in unburdening himself of. He was subsequently arrested at a house at Blackboy, and when taken outside he made good his escape, and has not been recaptured.

Mr Flood, presiding justice, that tention to apply for bail to arrange and at the conclusion of evidence and prosecutor acquiesced.

"I base all my actions (says Novarum, and vigorously parries with the late Pope Leo XIII's Labour. Since I came back here, studying and a Jurist of the high informed me that I had conducted prudence and perfect moderation.

"I may say that there are surrounding the matter which are known, and I respectfully submit full facts are known it will be Limerick City Workers' House have acted throughout the matter manner, despite obstacles which Christian nor fair.

"We seek nothing but Justice, true Christians by true Christians, Lord Bishop, very respectfully yours,

"WILLIAM
"Public administration must surely provide for the welfare and working classes, otherwise that will be violated which ordains shall have his due."—(Enoy Novaram.)

His Lordship wrote in reply:—

"Bishop's House, Corbally,
Limerick, Janua
"To Mr W J Larkin, 10 Lower
Dublin.

"Re Garryowen Tens
"DEAR SIR,—I have received your reply with thanks. Having principles, and led some of my pec course of seizing by violence and party of their neighbour against his seek to justify your teaching at profane and irreverent appeal to the Encyclical of Leo XIII, on the working classes.

"The following quotations from document are very much to the point to the difficulty of defining the mutual duties of the rich and poor labourer, his Holiness poses the following:—And the danger lies in this, that are intent on making use of the opinion to pervert men's judgment the people to revolt. And further minding the wealthy employer to regard his workmen as his bond respect his dignity and worth as a the labouring man and the artisan never injure the property nor cause of the employer, never resist to violating his own cause, nor engage in the Your teaching and conduct herself been a flagrant violation of all this not shrink from saying that you accord with the Encyclical of Pope Labour.

"The slum evil exists in Limerick city. It is, in great part consequences of bad laws under government. Leo XIII says, in the which you quote an isolated seen its context, that it belongs to the public administration to remedy this. Now, you are not the State administration. Rather you defiance and incited your followers resist their courts and agents.

"You say that you are prepared with anything I wish in this you for this. If meant sincere is that you cease to propagate amongst my people, and to incite disorder, violence, and injustice the fate and future of the dopest others, in whose hands, it is preferable better consulted for, when fit